

ASSIGNMENT 3

Exercise 1. (Mixing increases entropy) Show that the entropy of the probability distribution, $(p_1, \dots, p_i, \dots, p_j, \dots, p_m)$ is less than that of the distribution $(p_1, \dots, \frac{p_i+p_j}{2}, \dots, \frac{p_i+p_j}{2}, \dots, p_m)$.

Exercise 2. (Entropy of common distributions) Calculate the entropy of X where

- X is the output of n independent tosses of a coin which shows heads with probability p .
- X is a $Geo(p)$ random variable. That is, $\mathbb{P}[X = k] = (1 - p)^{k-1}p$.

Exercise 3. (KL divergence) Calculate the KL divergence (relative entropy) between P and Q where

- $P \equiv \mathcal{N}(\mu_1, \sigma^2)$ and $Q \equiv \mathcal{N}(\mu_2, \sigma^2)$
- $P \equiv Geo(p)$ and $Q \equiv Geo(q)$.

Exercise 4 (Mutual information). a. Let X be a uniform random variable over $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$. Let

$$Y = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } X \text{ is odd} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad Z = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } X \text{ is even} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find $I(Y; Z)$.

- We roll a fair die which has six sides (opposite sides of a die add up to 7). What is the mutual information between the top side and the one facing you?

Exercise 5 (Entropy and Mutual Information). Prove the following inequalities:

- $H(X, Y|Z) \geq H(X|Z)$,
- $I((X, Y); Z) \geq I(X; Z)$,
- $H(X, Y, Z) - H(X, Y) \leq H(X, Z) - H(X)$.

Exercise 6 (Conditioning for mutual information). Give examples of joint random variables X , Y , and Z such that

- $I(X; Y|Z) < I(X; Y)$.
- $I(X; Y|Z) > I(X; Y)$.

Exercise 7 (Entropy and pairwise independence). Let X , Y , Z be three binary Bernoulli($\frac{1}{2}$) random variables that are pairwise independent; that is, $I(X; Y) = I(X; Z) = I(Y; Z) = 0$.

- Under this constraint, what is the minimum value for $H(X, Y, Z)$?
- Give an example achieving this minimum.

Exercise 8. (Conditioning and sub additivity) Prove the following.

a.

$$H(X_1, X_2, X_3) \leq \frac{1}{2} [H(X_1, X_2) + H(X_2, X_3) + H(X_3, X_1)].$$

b.

$$H(X_1, X_2, X_3) \geq \frac{1}{2} [H(X_1, X_2|X_3) + H(X_2, X_3|X_1) + H(X_3, X_1|X_2)].$$

Exercise 9. Show that among all \mathbb{N} -valued random variables X with $\mathbb{E}[X] = \mu$, the $Geo(1/\mu)$ random variable has the maximum value of Shannon entropy.

Hint – Consider random variables X and Y with mean μ and taking values in \mathbb{N} with $X \sim P_X$ and $Y \sim P_Y$ where P_Y is Geometric, and calculate $D(P_X||P_Y)$.

Exercise 10 (Conditional mutual information). Consider a sequence of n binary random variables X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n . Each sequence with an even number of 1's has probability $2^{-(n-1)}$, and each sequence with an odd number of 1's has probability 0. Find the mutual informations $I(X_1; X_2)$, $I(X_2; X_3|X_1)$, \dots , $I(X_{n-1}; X_n|X_1, \dots, X_{n-2})$.